MR. COLLAMBR.

seeing, that Old Zack is represented in the Post Office Department by a man, who knows his duty, and who will do it, without a fear, favor or affection.

Jacos Collames.—The new Postmaster General receives more abuse from the Locofoco press than any other individual in the Union. There is medi in the man, or he would not be so reviled. We would not give a brane farthing for a Whig in office who cannot make his mark, so that he may be seen and heard by his political opponents. It has been well said, that "a lukewarm man in anything is not a favorite with Good or man." There is no want of said or after in Mr. of heart the control of the control affairs of the Department of which he has charge shall be administered by his genes for the benefit of the whole people. Superanniased drones, from whose carelessness and negligence in office the public have suffered, and prying politicians who have used their position for corrupt and mercenary purposes have been removed, when the evidence of their incapacity or unfaithfulness was made manifest. And for this Mr. Collement has been, and continues to be, abused by those who only look to reward particians, without consulting the public interest. We who have suffered from the mompetency and disconsisty of officials in different parts of the country, thank the new Postmaster for the changes he is making.

JEREMIAH MORTON.

The political position of this gentlemen, recently elected to the next Congress, from the Ninth Congressional District of Virginia, having been misunderstood by a portion of both the Democratic and Whig press, in his own defence. It will be seen, that he is a reliable friend of the illustrious old Here, who now fills the Presidential chair,

ed myself as a candidate for your suf-

rally among you. In the canvasa four years ago, by speeches and favor, which gave me confidence in his elevation to the first office in the word. At this time, unexpectedly to many of the old friends of Mr. Clay, who had the profoundest gratitude and sulmition for his illustrious services, had stood by him, "in sumh ne and in storm," had word frice for him in such he same was brought forward in competition with Gen. Taylor's. In the success of the former, i mas more than doubtfut in that of the latter confident. With these opinions I was decidedly in favor of Gen. Taylor as the whip candidate.

JEREMIAH MORTON.

About 3 o'clock yesterday, the following appointments were reported in Wall street, on the strength of the Telegraphic dispatches from Washington, viz.

WILLIAM M. BRADY, (ex-Mayor). Collector; JOHN YOUNG, (ex-Governor). Receiver; HERAM FULLER, (Ed. Mirror), Marshall—N. X. Tribune, yesterday.

Fiction, fiction, fiction,—every word of it!

This gentleman sent us, a few days ago, the official proceedings of a meeting of cartain citizens professing to be Taylor Democrats, in Philadelphia, in which the ground was taken, that Gen. Taylor Democrat as one of his Cabinet officers, and in which the assertions were made, that Gen. Taylor had no violated his pledges and refused to repose to for him. Not thinking, that the President for him. Not thinking, that the President to be one of his cabinet advisers, and knowing the above assertions to be untrue, we declined admitting the proceedings, in question, into the columns of the National Whig, Our opponents keep up a more steady tions were made, that Gen. TAYLOR had fire, perhaps, against Mr. COLLAMER, than any other member of the Cabinet. The confidence in those Democrats who voted for him. Not thinking, that the President more frequently! But, independent of this ought to have selected a Taylor Democrat to fire, perhaps, against Mr. Colliamer, than any other member of the Cabinet. The confidence in those Democrats who voted for him of the consideration, which, in itself, would be no cause of complaint, it is his decision of character, his unwavering Whiggism, his sound judgment of men and measures, his opposition to all immorality in the public offices, and his determination to make the Post Office what the law intends it to be—an engine for the dissemination of intelligence and the transportation and delivery of the correspondence of the country—that disturb the nerves of the late dynasty and its supporters. They converted it into a miserable partisan machine, a machine for the advancement of freer political tricksters. They made it corrupt to the very core. All this evil Judge Colliamer is adaly removing the purification of this mighty official power, than the shortness of time would lead me to believe, and before the approaching summer is over, the people will begin to realize the salutary effects of the wholesome change. Indeed, they have already begun to feel it, as our exchanges fully testify. Every where, the Whig press bids him go on in the good work. We can assure our friends, that he will do his duty, that he is a chip of the Taylor block, every inch of him, and that he heeds not the abuse of his adversaries.

We subjoin a very just notice of his character and his labors, from the Chester, Pennsylvania, Republican, which, we know, will be cheerfully responded to, hy our Whig readers. As to our Democratic readrance, show the work of the three and the lates of his care, swe do not expect their approbation now. That will come, when they cannot avoid seeing, that Old Zack is represented in the Post Office Department by a man, who knows his duty, and who will do it, without fear, favor or affection.

Our neighbor, the Union, seems to be fast losing his wit, as well as his patience with the Administration. Not content with exposing himself to the ridicule of his readers, in taking exception to Mr. DANIEL'S Sword Address, he berates Mr. CLAYTON, see, how any man, who can distinguish between a house and a horse, could possibly arrive at the conclusion to which our neighbor appears to have come, respecting the word in question. Mr. CLAYTON says that Lady FRANKLIN's appeal was such as to enlist the sympathies of the "rulers and the people of any portion of the civilized world." Is not this expression broad enough to take Mr. CLAYTON, in the subsequent portions of his beautiful letter, expressly excepts the United States and their federal government out of the class of nations and governments whose officers are rulers and not delegates— are sovereigns and not servants. Indeed so far from any portion of Mr. Clayton's admirable letter being liable to the criticism, which the *Union* has seen fit to bestow upon it, we consider it incomparably superior to any thing of the kind, that has ever emanated from the Department of State. But, nothing it seems can prevent our neigh-bor from making himself ridiculous, and we must therefore leave him to the enjoyment of

with therefore leave him to the enjoyment of his follies.

THE PEACOCK.

THE PEACOCK.

The Union, in search of classic similes, compares the Administration to the Peacock, and says that the former is as much ashamed of announcing the names of removed officers, as the latter is of its feet. Our contemporary is partly right, but it attributes the shame of the Administration to the wrong classe, when, he says, that it actises from a desire to conceal its violation of pledges. Its shame of announcing the names of the emoved, is a laudable anxiety to upholf the removed, is a laudable anxiety to upholf the credit and honor of the country, and to spare an unnecessary infliction upon the feelings of the removed. It is ashamed, that the corruptions of the latte dynasty should have a service in its hands; and nearly every man he are related to the case of the removed. It is ashamed, that the corruptions of the latte dynasty should have a service in its hands; and nearly every man he of the latte dynasty should have been defined as a service in its hands; and nearly every man he of the latte dynasty should have been defined as a service in its hands; and nearly every man he of the latte dynasty should have been defined as a service in its hands; and nearly every man he of the latte dynasty should have been defined as a service in its hands; and nearly every man he of the latte dynasty should have been defined as a service in its hands; and nearly every man he office in some of the latte dynasty should have been defined as the latter of the latte dynasty, and we think its friends out the constitutional of the latter dynasty should have been defined as a service in the latter of the latter dynasty should have been defined as a service in the latter of the latter dynasty should have been defined as a service in the latter of the latter dynasty should have been defined as a service in the latter of the latter dynasty should have been defined as a service of the purpose. Years of the latter of the latter dynasty should have be Taylor's. In the success of the fotiner, i many than doubtful, in hist of the latter confident. With these oplinions I was decidedly in favor of Gen. Taylor as the whig candidate.

In relation to what is colled the Clayton comprometed by the confidence of legislation on the part of Congress trutching the subject of adversy in the territories of the United States. It was arriving out the territories of the United States. It was carrying out the principle which the South contends for let us alone.

The question would have been decided by the Supreme Court. The North and South differ. Neither would have been decided by the Supreme Court. The North and South differ. Neither would have been decided by the decision of the supreme law of the hand—would have cast to broad a preme favor the certificities, and swept away any Maxican law in condities we well an northern men. By it passages the down the territories, and swept away any Maxican law in condities well an northern men. By it passages the down to be the continuous of the late dynasty should have been treated to the matter of the nation would have been treated and provided the Wilmor Province, I am opposed to it on every ground. I regard it as uncounted unique to the late dynasty should have exert virginia may place here the continuous and the constitutional and the continuous and the continuous and the distance of the late dynasty, and we think its friends ought to be thankful that the Administration does not expose them.

Fisheries, who, thus far, have had for distance of administration; and they will be obeyed. Neverth of administration; and they will be well be well, it will be writtened. Oct. 2. Congress take piece as follows. North Carolins. Aug. 2. Marytand, Oct. 2. Tennesses, it will be writtened. The property of administration; and they will be well be well be well, and they will be well be well be well, and they will be well be well, and they will be well be well be well, and they will be well be well, and they will be well be well be well, and they will be well be well be well, and they will be well be well

metrically opposite effects upon our nerves
—whence we infer, that we are a much
better practical Democrat, than our contemporary is. We would advise him, if he will
permit us to do so, to follow our example at
the present moment. He does not see us
shedding tears over our losses in Connecticut and Virginia, though we know they
were occasioned by the lukewarmness of
our own friends. When the Administration
of Mr. Polk mowed down hundreds of Whig
office-holders with the scythe of political
proscription, in order to make room for
worse qualified Democrats, we never set
up a lamentation for their fate. We always
cheerfully bow to the will of the people,
when expressed either directly or through
their agents. Its the only proscription, by
which the pains of nicking can be endured,
and we commend it in good faith to all the
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which the pains of nicking can be endured.

If Hangapara private stain the Main House House Adam to House House Adam to the San when expressed either directly or through their agents. Its the only proscription, by which the pains of nicking can be endured, and we commend it in good faith to all the nickees, throughout the country, of character, party, age or condition. Nicking is like the homely process of derobing eels. It's nothing, when the nickee gets used to it!

Our opponents assert, with a good deal of assurance, that the President has ordered the axe to be suspended. It has never been used, is not now used, by him, for proscriptive purposes, notwithstanding the assevera-tions of our opponents to the contrary; but f they mean to be understood, that the if they mean to be understood, that the Executive intends to refrain from any further purification of the official corps, they will be egregiously disappointed. He is not a man to turn his back upon his duty, and the Heads of Departments are men of like virtue, in this respect. The axe, the contemplation of which strikes so much horror in the mind of the Union, sleeps not for inrefuted by the President's public acts; and as to the further accusation, that he does as to the further accusation, not repose confidence in his Democratic friends, that charge too is disproved by his public acts. They have already received evidences of his confidence and will receive more, but as it is not all who call themselves friends, who are so, we think we are not far out of the way, in attributing the movements of Mr. Lippard and Company, to the fact, they may have discovered their own unworthiness to participate in that confidence of which they complain they have not received a share.

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Sort row Maller. The case of Samuel Diagram as an arising with the stream of points and the the original the definition of the Capitol.

The order of arising the definition of t must not lorget, that the appointing power, is, by the Constitution, the sole and exclusive judge of the qualifications and trust-worthiness of applicants or incumbents. The people have placed in power an Administrawith the Administration. Not content with tion, for the avowed and express purpose of exposing himself to the ridicule of his readers, in taking exception to Mr. Daniel's Sword Address, he berates Mr. Clayton, in no mincing terms, for want of taste and sense, in using the word "rulers" in the letter to Lady Franklin. Now, we do not with official delinquency by the present Administration, for the avowed and express purpose of restoring the Government to its original error, and they may be asset to the avowed and express purpose of restoring the Government to its original error, for the avowed and express purpose of restoring the Government to its original error, and they may be asset to the avowed and express purpose of restoring the Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, the Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured, that Government to its original error, and they may be assured.

The Administration is doing its duty faithfully, ficiently, manfully. It is doing precisely what L cofocolam prior too to the clection, predicted would done if General Taylor was elected, and so long the complaints are confined to those who opposite election of Gen. Taylor, they are certainly midstinctly harmless.—Mobile Adsertior, (W.)

Ilstinctly harmless,—Mobile Advertiser, (W.)

Our South Alabama friends, it will be people of any portion of the civilized world."

So our South Alabama friends, it will be seen from the above, are perfectly satisfied in the people of the United States and their with the conduct of the Administration, in the people of the United States and their with the conduct of the Administration, in the people of the United States and their with the conduct of the Administration, in the government? Surely, we take the conduct of the Administration, in the government? Surely, we take the conduct of the Administration, in the subsequent portions of the writer intended by the use of the two words "rulers" and "people," to exhibit not be amiss to state, that the Mobile Regular to the distinctive forms of government existent in the old and the new world. But, even admitting that such was not his intention, in the subsequent portions. Mr. CLANTON, in the subsequent portions in the proper perfect confidence and who has the proper time. It will be with all our friends every where else, (Virginia and Comba, do Comba, do Comba, do Mar Pearler, distribution of the confidence and who has the proper time. It may be considered the confidence and who has the confidence and who has the proper time. It may be considered the confidence and who has the proper time. It may be considered the confidence and who has the confidence and who has the proper time. It is the confidence and who has the proper time. It is a subsequent portions the confidence and who has the proper time. It is a subsequent portion to the confidence and who has the proper time. It is a subsequent portion to the confidence and who has the proper time. It is a subsequent portion to the confidence and who has the proper time. It is a subsequent portion to the confidence and who has the proper time. It is a subsequent portion to the confidence and who has the proper time. It is a subsequent portion to the confidence and who has the proper time. It is a subsequent portion to the confidence and who has the proper time. It is a subsequent portion to the confide

trine, than by referr ing the reader to the following sketch of the rise and fall of Mr. Marcus Morton of Massachusetts, the chief sachem of locofocoism in that State. It is the Albany Evening Journal that writes:

"Marcus Morton law, the same of the sachem of locofocoism in that writes:

"Marcus Morton las rendered more efficient service to locofocoism than any other man in Massachusetts. To promote its interests, he allowed himself to be used, for many years, as the Locofoco candidate for the same of th "MARCUS MORTON has rendered more efficient service to locofocolem than any other man in Massachusetts. To promote its interests, he allowed himself to be used, for many years, as the Locofoco candidate for Governor. And when elected by one vote, he came down from the Bench—where he enjoyed an enviable reputation—to wade, still deeper, into the mire of locofocolem. From that time on, he gave himself up to the interests of his party. He stooped lower, and did

OFFICIAL.

POINTMENT BY THE PRESI

Collector of the Customs.

WILLIAM P. BROBSON, Delaware.

CONNECTICUT.

HARTOOD, Conn. Wednesday, May 2.

The Senate was organized by electing Hon. Henry button of New Haven, President pre tem. and lenry B. Graves, Esq. of Plymouth, Clerk—both

Henry B. Graves, Esq. of Plymouth, Clerk—bolt Whigs. In the House on first ballot for Speaker, Hon Wm. W. Boardman, 110; John C. Lewis, 108; Scat

win. W. Boardman, 110; John C. Lewis, ite; Scal-iering, 2.

On 2d ballot, Lewis had 113 out of 221, and was elected. Mr. Lewis is a Free Soil Loco.

Mr. Boardman threw a blank vote on 1st ballot, and by this course lost his election.

Calvin W. Philleo, Free Soil Loco, and Geo, C. Woodrnff, Loco, Clerks,—N. Y. Tribune.

The vote renders it morally certain that the Whig State Officers will all be chosen in Convention of the two Houses—the Whig majority in the Senate over-bearing the coalected Loco-Foco and Free Soil ma-jority in the House.—Ed. Trib.]

The Characteristic of a second control of the characteristic of th

tion has not perfect confidence and who has not perfect confidence in the Administration.

LOCOFOCOISS.

We do not know, that we can better illustrate the spirit of this odious political doctrine, than by referr ing the reader to the following sketch of the rise and fall of Mr. Marcus Morton of Massachusetts, the chiefer.

King's Hotel, -John Davidson, Md; E R Morrison, NY; Dr Stone, Md; W Avery, NY; R Squires, do; S Whita-

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BY TELEGRAPH.

ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT NEWS. General War in Europe.

The Neese in Philadelphia.

The market for breatquift is unestiled. Flour less firm, and lower princes would be taken. Grain unchanged-no dies. Provisions steady. Prices nominal as last quoted. recerties quiet. Cotton is held firmer. Whiskey 20c. in less. The Stock market is rather drooping.

Correspondence of the National Whig.

New York, May 4, 2 P, M,

New York, May 4, 2 P. M.

Effect of the None in New York.

The foreign news has unsettled our market for Breadstuffa. Lower prices would be taken for flour. Grain quiet—prices nominal. The news has caused more firm ness in Provisions, but no sales yet reported. The Cottor market is seady, and holders somewhat firmer. No sale yet reported. Sugars and molasses steady. Governmen Socks slightly depressed, but no transactions reported Fancies are also tending downward. Whiskey firmer-

CHARLES W. FENTON, opposite Jackson Hall, Pennsylvania A

See first page for pros LITTELL'S LIVING AGE.

hereby given that the Board of Commissioners appointed under the act of Congression the 3d of March, 1959, entitled "An act to carry into effect certain stipulations of the treaty between the United States and the Republic of Mexico, of the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-teight." have established the following Rules and Orders, to wit:

General War in Europe.

Sr. Joux's, N. B., May 4th.

The British atomaship America arrived at Halifax yesterday. She brings dates from Liverpool to the 21st of last month. The news is deeply interesting. A general war in Europe is inevitable.

The prices of cottom at Liverpool rolled at 4-3-6d, for fair opland and Mobile, and 43-4d. for fair opland. Sake of the week cading 21st ultimo 32,000 bales. Market firm. Western Canal flour 23s. 6d. being a decline of one shilling since the last news. Wheat dull. White corn 21st to 32s. 6d. Yellow Corn 32s. to 33s. Indian meal 14s. 5d. and large stock. Prices of beet unchanged. Bacon 30s. to 31s. Lard 33s. to 33s. 6d. Turpentine 7s. Rice 17s. 6d. Sugar and molasses unaltered, though less active.

The America brings 66 passengers.

The Canada arrived out at Liverpool on the 19th ultimo.

present arguments, he must file a written motion to that effect, setting forth the reasons for the same on or before said day.

Grdered, That all motions and arguments addressed to the Board be made in writing and filed with the Secretary, who shall note thereon the time when they are received; but brief verbal explanations may be made by the claimants or their agents immediately after the opening of each day's session.

Ordered, That the following Rules and Orders, relating to testimony and proofs to be advanced in support of claims which may be presented for adjudication, be, and the same are hereby, established.

1. All testimony must be in writing, and upon oath or affirmation, duly administered according to the laws of the place where the same is taken, by a magistrate competent by such laws to take depositions, having not interest in the claim to which the testimony relates, and not being the agent or attorney of any person having such interest, and it must be certified by him that such is the case. The credibility of the affant or deponent, if known to such magistrate, or other person authorized to take such testimust be certified on the same paper upon oath by some other person known to such magistrate, or other person having such interest, and to sake the end of the agent of the agent of a transport of the agent or attorney of any person having such interest, whose credibility must be certified by such magistrate. The deposition must be reduced to writing by the person lating the same, or by some person in his presence having no interest, and not being the agent or attorney of any person having as interest in the claim, and must be certified.

4 do blotting paper

609 envelopes, rarge and musli, butt

600 do do white

10 pounds linear twine

3000 quills 629

3000 steel pens, assorted, hest quality

3 gross lead penells, (hard and only)

50 dozen red tape

4 pounds wafers

50 dozen sealing wax, hest extra superfine, coarled

2 desen ink, red and black, in quarts

2 desen ink, red and black, in quarts

2 desen ink, red and black, in quarts

4 pounds liniar-wither, prepared, Goodyear's or other's

5 pounds liniar-wither, prepared, Goodyear's or other's

4 dozen sand boxes, vorys

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1 dozen sand boxes, vory

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